## The Original Position and Utilitarianism

|  | Possible outcome 1 <br> probability(value) <br> $=$ expected value | Possible outcome 2 <br> probability(value) <br> $=$ expected value | Expected utility <br> sum of expected values |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Option 1 | $.75(100)=75$ | $.25(80)=20$ | sum $=95$ |
| Option 2 | $1 / 3(90)=30$ | $2 / 3(120)=80$ | sum $=110$ |

Table 1 Illustration of the rule to maximize expected utility

|  | A | B | C | D | E | Total | Average |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set of Principles 1 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 70 | 50 | 215 | $215 \div 5=43$ |
| Set of Principles 2 | 60 | 15 | 30 | 20 | 75 | 200 | $200 \div 5=40$ |

Table 2 Average utility

|  | A | B | C | D | E | Expected Utility |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set of Principles 1 | $25 \div 5=5$ | $30 \div 5=6$ | $40 \div 5=8$ | $70 \div 5=14$ | $50 \div 5=10$ | sum $=43$ |
| Set of Principles 2 | $60 \div 5=12$ | $15 \div 5=3$ | $30 \div 5=6$ | $20 \div 5=4$ | $75 \div 5=15$ | sum $=40$ |

Table 3 Expected utility assuming equal probabilities

